

In each of Problems 1 through 14, find the general solution of the given differential equation.

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| 1. $y'' - 2y' - 3y = 3e^{2t}$   | 2. $y'' + 2y' + 5y = 3 \sin 2t$  |
| 3. $y'' - y' - 2y = -2t + 4t^2$   | 4. $y'' + y' - 6y = 12e^{3t} + 12e^{-2t}$  |
| 5. $y'' - 2y' - 3y = -3te^{-t}$   | 6. $y'' + 2y' = 3 + 4 \sin 2t$   |
| 7. $y'' + 9y = t^2 e^{3t} + 6$  | 8. $y'' + 2y' + y = 2e^{-t}$   |
| 9. $2y'' + 3y' + y = t^2 + 3 \sin t$  | 10. $y'' + y = 3 \sin 2t + t \cos 2t$  |
| 11. $u'' + \omega_0^2 u = \cos \omega t, \quad \omega^2 \neq \omega_0^2$                | 12. $u'' + \omega_0^2 u = \cos \omega_0 t$   |
| 13. $y'' + y' + 4y = 2 \sinh t$<br><i>Hint: <math>\sinh t = (e^t - e^{-t})/2</math></i> | 14. $y'' - y' - 2y = \cosh 2t$<br><i>Hint: <math>\cosh t = (e^t + e^{-t})/2</math></i> |

In each of Problems 15 through 20, find the solution of the given initial value problem.

- $y'' + y' - 2y = 2t, \quad y(0) = 0, \quad y'(0) = 1$
- $y'' + 4y = t^2 + 3e^t, \quad y(0) = 0, \quad y'(0) = 2$
- $y'' - 2y' + y = te^t + 4, \quad y(0) = 1, \quad y'(0) = 1$
- $y'' - 2y' - 3y = 3te^{2t}, \quad y(0) = 1, \quad y'(0) = 0$
- $y'' + 4y = 3 \sin 2t, \quad y(0) = 2, \quad y'(0) = -1$
- $y'' + 2y' + 5y = 4e^{-t} \cos 2t, \quad y(0) = 1, \quad y'(0) = 0$

In each of Problems 1 through 4, use the method of variation of parameters to find a particular solution of the given differential equation. Then check your answer by using the method of undetermined coefficients.

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| 1. $y'' - 5y' + 6y = 2e^t$   | 2. $y'' - y' - 2y = 2e^{-t}$    |
| 3. $y'' + 2y' + y = 3e^{-t}$ | 4. $4y'' - 4y' + y = 16e^{t/2}$ |

In each of Problems 5 through 12, find the general solution of the given differential equation. In Problems 11 and 12,  $g$  is an arbitrary continuous function.

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| 5. $y'' + y = \tan t, \quad 0 < t < \pi/2$        | 6. $y'' + 9y = 9 \sec^2 3t, \quad 0 < t < \pi/6$ |
| 7. $y'' + 4y' + 4y = t^{-2} e^{-2t}, \quad t > 0$ | 8. $y'' + 4y = 3 \csc 2t, \quad 0 < t < \pi/2$   |
| 9. $4y'' + y = 2 \sec(t/2), \quad -\pi < t < \pi$ | 10. $y'' - 2y' + y = e^t/(1+t^2)$                |
| 11. $y'' - 5y' + 6y = g(t)$                       | 12. $y'' + 4y = g(t)$                            |

In each of Problems 13 through 20, verify that the given functions  $y_1$  and  $y_2$  satisfy the corresponding homogeneous equation; then find a particular solution of the given nonhomogeneous equation. In Problems 19 and 20,  $g$  is an arbitrary continuous function.

- $t^2 y'' - 2y = 3t^2 - 1, \quad t > 0; \quad y_1(t) = t^2, \quad y_2(t) = t^{-1}$
- $t^2 y'' - t(t+2)y' + (t+2)y = 2t^3, \quad t > 0; \quad y_1(t) = t, \quad y_2(t) = te^t$
- $ty'' - (1+t)y' + y = t^2 e^{2t}, \quad t > 0; \quad y_1(t) = 1+t, \quad y_2(t) = e^t$
- $(1-t)y'' + ty' - y = 2(t-1)^2 e^{-t}, \quad 0 < t < 1; \quad y_1(t) = e^t, \quad y_2(t) = t$
- $x^2 y'' - 3xy' + 4y = x^2 \ln x, \quad x > 0; \quad y_1(x) = x^2, \quad y_2(x) = x^2 \ln x$

- $x^2 y'' + xy' + (x^2 - 0.25)y = 3x^{3/2} \sin x, \quad x > 0;$   
 $y_1(x) = x^{-1/2} \sin x, \quad y_2(x) = x^{-1/2} \cos x$
- $(1-x)y'' + xy' - y = g(x), \quad 0 < x < 1; \quad y_1(x) = e^x, \quad y_2(x) = x$
- $x^2 y'' + xy' + (x^2 - 0.25)y = g(x), \quad x > 0; \quad y_1(x) = x^{-1/2} \sin x, \quad y_2(x) = x^{-1/2} \cos x$

In each of Problems 1 through 6, determine intervals in which solutions are sure to exist.

1.  $y^{(4)} + 4y''' + 3y = t$
2.  $ty''' + (\sin t)y'' + 3y = \cos t$
3.  $t(t-1)y^{(4)} + e^t y'' + 4t^2 y = 0$
4.  $y''' + ty'' + t^2 y' + t^3 y = \ln t$
5.  $(x-1)y^{(4)} + (x+1)y'' + (\tan x)y = 0$
6.  $(x^2-4)y^{(6)} + x^2 y''' + 9y = 0$

In each of Problems 7 through 10, determine whether the given functions are linearly dependent or linearly independent. If they are linearly dependent, find a linear relation among them.

7.  $f_1(t) = 2t - 3$ ,  $f_2(t) = t^2 + 1$ ,  $f_3(t) = 2t^2 - t$
8.  $f_1(t) = 2t - 3$ ,  $f_2(t) = 2t^2 + 1$ ,  $f_3(t) = 3t^2 + t$
9.  $f_1(t) = 2t - 3$ ,  $f_2(t) = t^2 + 1$ ,  $f_3(t) = 2t^2 - t$ ,  $f_4(t) = t^2 + t + 1$
10.  $f_1(t) = 2t - 3$ ,  $f_2(t) = t^3 + 1$ ,  $f_3(t) = 2t^2 - t$ ,  $f_4(t) = t^2 + t + 1$

In each of Problems 11 through 16, verify that the given functions are solutions of the differential equation, and determine their Wronskian.

11.  $y''' + y' = 0$ ;  $1$ ,  $\cos t$ ,  $\sin t$
12.  $y^{(4)} + y'' = 0$ ;  $1$ ,  $t$ ,  $\cos t$ ,  $\sin t$
13.  $y''' + 2y'' - y' - 2y = 0$ ;  $e^t$ ,  $e^{-t}$ ,  $e^{-2t}$
14.  $y^{(4)} + 2y''' + y'' = 0$ ;  $1$ ,  $t$ ,  $e^{-t}$ ,  $te^{-t}$
15.  $xy''' - y'' = 0$ ;  $1$ ,  $x$ ,  $x^3$
16.  $x^3 y''' + x^2 y'' - 2xy' + 2y = 0$ ;  $x$ ,  $x^2$ ,  $1/x$
17. Show that  $W(5, \sin^2 t, \cos 2t) = 0$  for all  $t$ . Can you establish this result without direct evaluation of the Wronskian?

In each of Problems 7 through 10, follow the procedure illustrated in Example 4 to determine the indicated roots of the given complex number.

7.  $1^{1/3}$
8.  $(1-i)^{1/2}$
9.  $1^{1/4}$
10.  $[2(\cos \pi/3 + i \sin \pi/3)]^{1/2}$

In each of Problems 11 through 28, find the general solution of the given differential equation.

11.  $y''' - y'' - y' + y = 0$
12.  $y''' - 3y'' + 3y' - y = 0$
13.  $2y''' - 4y'' - 2y' + 4y = 0$
14.  $y^{(4)} - 4y''' + 4y'' = 0$
15.  $y^{(6)} + y = 0$
16.  $y^{(4)} - 5y'' + 4y = 0$
17.  $y^{(6)} - 3y^{(4)} + 3y'' - y = 0$
18.  $y^{(6)} - y'' = 0$
19.  $y^{(5)} - 3y^{(4)} + 3y''' - 3y'' + 2y' = 0$
20.  $y^{(4)} - 8y' = 0$
21.  $y^{(8)} + 8y^{(4)} + 16y = 0$
22.  $y^{(4)} + 2y'' + y = 0$
23.  $y''' - 5y'' + 3y' + y = 0$
24.  $y''' + 5y'' + 6y' + 2y = 0$

In each of Problems 1 through 8, determine the general solution of the given differential equation.

1.  $y''' - y'' - y' + y = 2e^{-t} + 3$
2.  $y^{(4)} - y = 3t + \cos t$
3.  $y''' + y'' + y' + y = e^{-t} + 4t$
4.  $y''' - y' = 2 \sin t$
5.  $y^{(4)} - 4y'' = t^2 + e^t$
6.  $y^{(4)} + 2y'' + y = 3 + \cos 2t$
7.  $y^{(6)} + y''' = t$
8.  $y^{(4)} + y''' = \sin 2t$

In each of Problems 9 through 12, find the solution of the given initial value problem. Then plot a graph of the solution.

9.  $y''' + 4y' = t$ ;  $y(0) = y'(0) = 0$ ,  $y''(0) = 1$
10.  $y^{(4)} + 2y'' + y = 3t + 4$ ;  $y(0) = y'(0) = 0$ ,  $y''(0) = y'''(0) = 1$
11.  $y''' - 3y'' + 2y' = t + e^t$ ;  $y(0) = 1$ ,  $y'(0) = -\frac{1}{4}$ ,  $y''(0) = -\frac{3}{2}$
12.  $y^{(4)} + 2y''' + y'' + 8y' - 12y = 12 \sin t - e^{-t}$ ;  $y(0) = 3$ ,  $y'(0) = 0$ ,  $y''(0) = -1$ ,  $y'''(0) = 2$

In each of Problems 13 through 18, determine a suitable form for  $Y(t)$  if the method of undetermined coefficients is to be used. Do not evaluate the constants.

13.  $y''' - 2y'' + y' = t^3 + 2e^t$
14.  $y''' - y' = te^{-t} + 2 \cos t$
15.  $y^{(4)} - 2y'' + y = e^t + \sin t$
16.  $y^{(4)} + 4y'' = \sin 2t + te^t + 4$
17.  $y^{(4)} - y''' - y'' + y' = t^2 + 4 + t \sin t$
18.  $y^{(4)} + 2y''' + 2y'' = 3e^t + 2te^{-t} + e^{-t} \sin t$

In each of Problems 1 through 10, find the inverse Laplace transform of the given function.

1.  $F(s) = \frac{3}{s^2 + 4}$
2.  $F(s) = \frac{4}{(s - 1)^3}$
3.  $F(s) = \frac{2}{s^2 + 3s - 4}$
4.  $F(s) = \frac{3s}{s^2 - s - 6}$
5.  $F(s) = \frac{2s + 2}{s^2 + 2s + 5}$
6.  $F(s) = \frac{2s - 3}{s^2 - 4}$
7.  $F(s) = \frac{2s + 1}{s^2 - 2s + 2}$
8.  $F(s) = \frac{8s^2 - 4s + 12}{s(s^2 + 4)}$
9.  $F(s) = \frac{1 - 2s}{s^2 + 4s + 5}$
10.  $F(s) = \frac{2s - 3}{s^2 + 2s + 10}$

In each of Problems 11 through 23, use the Laplace transform to solve the given initial value problem.

11.  $y'' - y' - 6y = 0$ ;  $y(0) = 1$ ,  $y'(0) = -1$
12.  $y'' + 3y' + 2y = 0$ ;  $y(0) = 1$ ,  $y'(0) = 0$
13.  $y'' - 2y' + 2y = 0$ ;  $y(0) = 0$ ,  $y'(0) = 1$
14.  $y'' - 4y' + 4y = 0$ ;  $y(0) = 1$ ,  $y'(0) = 1$
15.  $y'' - 2y' + 4y = 0$ ;  $y(0) = 2$ ,  $y'(0) = 0$
16.  $y'' + 2y' + 5y = 0$ ;  $y(0) = 2$ ,  $y'(0) = -1$
17.  $y^{(4)} - 4y''' + 6y'' - 4y' + y = 0$ ;  $y(0) = 0$ ,  $y'(0) = 1$ ,  $y''(0) = 0$ ,  $y'''(0) = 1$
18.  $y^{(4)} - y = 0$ ;  $y(0) = 1$ ,  $y'(0) = 0$ ,  $y''(0) = 1$ ,  $y'''(0) = 0$
19.  $y^{(4)} - 4y = 0$ ;  $y(0) = 1$ ,  $y'(0) = 0$ ,  $y''(0) = -2$ ,  $y'''(0) = 0$
20.  $y'' + \omega^2 y = \cos 2t$ ,  $\omega^2 \neq 4$ ;  $y(0) = 1$ ,  $y'(0) = 0$
21.  $y'' - 2y' + 2y = \cos t$ ;  $y(0) = 1$ ,  $y'(0) = 0$
22.  $y'' - 2y' + 2y = e^{-t}$ ;  $y(0) = 0$ ,  $y'(0) = 1$
23.  $y'' + 2y' + y = 4e^{-t}$ ;  $y(0) = 2$ ,  $y'(0) = -1$